

## **Historic, Archive Document**

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CONSUMER TIME

FOOD FLAVORINGS

1.46

C762

NETWORK: NBC

copy 2

ORIGIN: WRC

DATE: February 17, 1945

TIME: 12:15-12:30 PM-EWT

(Produced by the Office of Marketing Services of the War Food Administration, this script is for reference only and may not be broadcast without special permission. The title CONSUMER TIME is restricted to network broadcast of the program...presented for more than eleven years in the interest of consumers).

-oOo-

1. SOUND: CASH REGISTER RINGS TWICE...MONEY IN TILL
2. JOHN: It's CONSUMER TIME!
3. SOUND: CASH REGISTER....CLOSE DRAWER
4. ANNCR: During the next fifteen minutes, the National Broadcasting Company and its affiliated independent stations make their facilities available as a public service for the presentation of CONSUMER TIME by the War Food Administration!  
And here are Mrs. Freyman and Johnny...
5. JOHN: Haven't you recently heard people saying....
6. WOMAN: It's so exasperating! Other shortages I can understand! But lemon flavoring...why can't I get that?
7. JOHN: And again...
8. BOY: This may be called peppermint candy...but it sure tastes different.
9. JOHN: Or maybe you hear this....
10. WOMAN: Well...at last I can get about all the vanilla I need! But why was it short? And is it going to be scarce again?
11. JOHN: Yes...this is the story of flavorings! Lemon, peppermint, vanilla ...strawberry, mint and cherry...and other delectabilities which we have learned to enjoy, as flavorings in our food!
12. FREYMAN: This is the story of where they come from...and how we use them... and whether we'll have more or less of them this year...
13. JOHN: And why many of your little bottles of gay-colored flavorings... have gone to war!

by the Office of the Secretary of the Interior, this is a very important matter. The Office of the Secretary of the Interior is the only office in the Department of the Interior which is not a part of the Bureau of Land Management. It is the only office in the Department of the Interior which is not a part of the Bureau of Land Management. It is the only office in the Department of the Interior which is not a part of the Bureau of Land Management.

1.	STATE:	CASE NUMBER:	DATE OF FILING:
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19.	STATE:	10-10-10	10-10-10
20.	STATE:	10-10-10	10-10-10



14. FREYMAN: First of all, Johnny...so many of our listeners have asked us when there'll be more lemon extract flavoring!
15. JOHN: Yes, lemon flavoring has been scarce. And people are wondering why! Well, there's quite a tale about this...and, because of the nature of this particular story...I think we'd best let a couple of G.I.'s tell it! Suppose we land somewhere in the South Pacific in the early days of the war. A couple of infantrymen are creeping through the underbrush...sniping for snipers. They pause for a moment, to mop their camouflaged faces...
16. FREDDIE: Ahhh...boy! It's HOT!
17. JOE: You're telling me!
18. FREDDIE: I'm burnin' up, I tell you! Gimme the canteen, boy.
19. JOE: Aren't you forgettin' something?
20. FREDDIE: Naw, what?
21. JOE: We split the last drop of water about an hour ago. Or is your memory melting away in the heat?
22. FREDDIE: Hey now wait! What're we going to do? I'm dying of thirst, I tell you.
23. JOE: Maybe it'll rain. What's the matter, anyhow? It's only a couple of miles back to camp.
24. FREDDIE: Look, Joe...it's a funny thing about me, but when I get thirsty, I get thirsty, (PROJECTING SLIGHTLY) Wonder if there're any coconuts around here...
25. JOE: Shhh! Quit making so much noise. We're out to get Japs, not to go berry-pickin'.
26. FREDDIE: Hey! There! By golly, there's a little spring! (OFF) Nice, cool, fresh water...
27. JOE: Hold it, Freddie. You can't drink that, you dope! You'll get typhoid and a thousand other things...

1. The first thing I noticed when I stepped out of the car was the smell of the sea. It was a salty, fresh scent that I had never experienced before. I took a deep breath and felt a sense of peace wash over me.

2. The beach was wide and sandy, with gentle waves lapping at the shore. A few people were scattered along the water's edge, some sunbathing and others playing in the surf. The sound of the waves was a constant, soothing rhythm.

3. I walked along the shoreline, my feet sinking into the soft sand. The sun was high in the sky, casting a warm glow over everything. I felt a sense of freedom and joy that I hadn't felt in a long time.

4. As I walked, I noticed a small, white building nestled among the dunes. It looked like a lifeguard stand or a small kiosk. I approached it and saw a sign that read "Beach House". I decided to go inside and see what was for sale.

5. The interior of the beach house was simple and clean. There were several tables and chairs set up for customers. A woman, presumably the owner, greeted me with a friendly smile. She showed me various items for sale, including beach towels, hats, and sunglasses.

6. I was particularly interested in a pair of flip-flops. They were made of a light-colored material and had a simple, comfortable design. I asked the woman about them, and she told me they were handmade by a local artist.

7. I decided to buy the flip-flops. The woman wrapped them for me, and I paid for them. As I walked back to the car, I felt a sense of satisfaction. I had found something unique and beautiful.

8. The day was perfect. The weather was just what I needed, and the beach was exactly what I needed. I felt like I had found a hidden gem, a place where I could relax and enjoy the simple pleasures of life.

9. As the sun began to set, the sky turned a beautiful shade of orange. The waves continued to lap at the shore, and the smell of the sea remained in the air. I felt a sense of peace and contentment that I had never experienced before.

10. I walked back to the car, my flip-flops in hand. I felt like I had found a new friend, a place where I could come back to whenever I needed a little peace and quiet. The beach was truly a special place, and I was lucky to have found it.

28. FREDDIE: (PROJECTING) It won't hurt me...
29. SOUND: (UNDERBRUSH CRASHING)
30. JOE: (BREATHLESS) Now wait, Fred. Keep your shirt on, can't you!  
Here's some of that disinfectant. I brought it with me. Look...  
put the water in the canteen and pour this in it.
31. FREDDIE: Nuts! I'd rather get typhoid than drink that stuff...
32. SOUND: (WATER SPLASHING) (EXCITED) You've lost your mind! Freddie!  
Freddie! Don't drink that water...
33. FREDDIE: (SOUND OF DRINKING WITH RELISH...SCOOPING THE WATER UP WITH HIS  
HANDS) Oh boy! It's wonderful! Put that awful disinfectant  
back in your pocket, Joe! (LAUGH) If I'm going to catch anything  
...it's too late now!
34. JOHN: Yes, at the beginning of the war, drinking water was a problem for  
the Armed Forces. The men just didn't want to drink the ugly-  
tasting disinfectant which was used to purify strange water. But  
the Army finally hit on a plan...which has made a whale of a  
difference to thirsty soldiers. And this plan, as we'll see in  
a minute...is the reason for the shortage of lemon flavoring!  
Now, since this discovery, well...the scene we heard in the hot,  
tepid jungle...would go something like this!
35. FREDDIE: Hey, Joe...I'm sweltering!
36. JOE: Let's find a little stream somewhere...and have a lemonade!
37. FREDDIE: Ahhh, lemonade! Reminds me of sittin' on my back porch at home,  
in the good old summertime! And Ma coming out of the kitchen  
with a big pitcher of lemonade in one hand...and some gingersnaps  
in the other!
38. JOE: Well, so sorry, Pal...we're fresh out of gingersnaps. But mama  
will fix you the sweetest jungle lemonade you ever tasted. Hey...  
there's a spring over there, isn't it?



30. (REMARKS) It was a very...  
 31. (REMARKS) It was a very...  
 32. (REMARKS) It was a very...  
 33. (REMARKS) It was a very...  
 34. (REMARKS) It was a very...  
 35. (REMARKS) It was a very...  
 36. (REMARKS) It was a very...  
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 41. (REMARKS) It was a very...  
 42. (REMARKS) It was a very...  
 43. (REMARKS) It was a very...  
 44. (REMARKS) It was a very...  
 45. (REMARKS) It was a very...  
 46. (REMARKS) It was a very...  
 47. (REMARKS) It was a very...  
 48. (REMARKS) It was a very...  
 49. (REMARKS) It was a very...  
 50. (REMARKS) It was a very...



39. SOUND: WALKING THROUGH UNDERBRUSH
40. FREDDIE: Sure! Look out, alligators, here we come!
41. SOUND: WATER SWISHING
42. JOE: Get some in this cup, too!
43. FREDDIE: Now wouldn't it be nice if I'd forgotten that envelope of lemon powder! Nope...here it is!
44. JOE: And here's something else, don't forget...
45. FREDDIE: O.K., O.K., hand it over. That horrible, smelly disinfectant.
46. JOE: What're you gripin' about? You can't taste it in lemonade, can you?
47. FREDDIE: Naw. Now here we go. A canteen full of water...a drop of disinfectant...and then pour in an envelope full of dried lemonade!
48. SOUND: SHAKING WATER IN CONTAINER
49. JOE: Shake it up like a cocktail.
50. FREDDIE: And drink deep! (SWALLOWING) Ahhh! Now that's what I call good!
- PAUSE:
51. FREYMAN: Well, for goodness sake, Johnny! Is it really dried lemonade the soldiers have?
52. JOHN: You can call it that. All our fighting men are given little envelopes of lemon powder, which contain lemon juice powder, Vitamin C, citric acid, sugar, and lemon oil! All they have to do is add it to water.
53. FREYMAN: So this powdered lemonade not only disguises the taste of the disinfectant in water...but it's actually healthful too!
54. JOHN: Sure it is! For one thing, Vitamin C helps prevent scurvy! Then, the citric acid is healthful too. And so's the sugar, of course!
55. FREYMAN: So...that's where most of our lemon oil is going!

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

There; look out, all right, come we home;

DATE: 10/24/2011

10-11-68 10:00 AM 10:00 AM 10:00 AM

normal to equilibrium state (redox potential) is not as stabilizing with

... ..

...control of the ... ..

[illegible]

no, because it is about 1000 ft. in diameter.

1990

10-11-15 to 10-11-16 1944, 10-11-17 to 11-11-18 1944, 11-11-19 to 12-11-20 1944, 12-11-21 to 1-11-22 1945, 1-11-23 to 2-11-24 1945, 2-11-25 to 3-11-26 1945, 3-11-27 to 4-11-28 1945, 4-11-29 to 5-11-30 1945, 5-11-31 to 6-11-32 1945, 6-11-33 to 7-11-34 1945, 7-11-35 to 8-11-36 1945, 8-11-37 to 9-11-38 1945, 9-11-39 to 10-11-40 1945, 10-11-41 to 11-11-42 1945, 11-11-43 to 12-11-44 1945, 12-11-45 to 1-11-46 1946, 1-11-47 to 2-11-48 1946, 2-11-49 to 3-11-50 1946, 3-11-51 to 4-11-52 1946, 4-11-53 to 5-11-54 1946, 5-11-55 to 6-11-56 1946, 6-11-57 to 7-11-58 1946, 7-11-59 to 8-11-60 1946, 8-11-61 to 9-11-62 1946, 9-11-63 to 10-11-64 1946, 10-11-65 to 11-11-66 1946, 11-11-67 to 12-11-68 1946, 12-11-69 to 1-11-70 1947, 1-11-71 to 2-11-72 1947, 2-11-73 to 3-11-74 1947, 3-11-75 to 4-11-76 1947, 4-11-77 to 5-11-78 1947, 5-11-79 to 6-11-80 1947, 6-11-81 to 7-11-82 1947, 7-11-83 to 8-11-84 1947, 8-11-85 to 9-11-86 1947, 9-11-87 to 10-11-88 1947, 10-11-89 to 11-11-90 1947, 11-11-91 to 12-11-92 1947, 12-11-93 to 1-11-94 1948, 1-11-95 to 2-11-96 1948, 2-11-97 to 3-11-98 1948, 3-11-99 to 4-11-100 1948, 4-11-101 to 5-11-102 1948, 5-11-103 to 6-11-104 1948, 6-11-105 to 7-11-106 1948, 7-11-107 to 8-11-108 1948, 8-11-109 to 9-11-110 1948, 9-11-111 to 10-11-112 1948, 10-11-113 to 11-11-114 1948, 11-11-115 to 12-11-116 1948, 12-11-117 to 1-11-118 1949, 1-11-119 to 2-11-120 1949, 2-11-121 to 3-11-122 1949, 3-11-123 to 4-11-124 1949, 4-11-125 to 5-11-126 1949, 5-11-127 to 6-11-128 1949, 6-11-129 to 7-11-130 1949, 7-11-131 to 8-11-132 1949, 8-11-133 to 9-11-134 1949, 9-11-135 to 10-11-136 1949, 10-11-137 to 11-11-138 1949, 11-11-139 to 12-11-140 1949, 12-11-141 to 1-11-142 1950, 1-11-143 to 2-11-144 1950, 2-11-145 to 3-11-146 1950, 3-11-147 to 4-11-148 1950, 4-11-149 to 5-11-150 1950, 5-11-151 to 6-11-152 1950, 6-11-153 to 7-11-154 1950, 7-11-155 to 8-11-156 1950, 8-11-157 to 9-11-158 1950, 9-11-159 to 10-11-160 1950, 10-11-161 to 11-11-162 1950, 11-11-163 to 12-11-164 1950, 12-11-165 to 1-11-166 1951, 1-11-167 to 2-11-168 1951, 2-11-169 to 3-11-170 1951, 3-11-171 to 4-11-172 1951, 4-11-173 to 5-11-174 1951, 5-11-175 to 6-11-176 1951, 6-11-177 to 7-11-178 1951, 7-11-179 to 8-11-180 1951, 8-11-181 to 9-11-182 1951, 9-11-183 to 10-11-184 1951, 10-11-185 to 11-11-186 1951, 11-11-187 to 12-11-188 1951, 12-11-189 to 1-11-190 1952, 1-11-191 to 2-11-192 1952, 2-11-193 to 3-11-194 1952, 3-11-195 to 4-11-196 1952, 4-11-197 to 5-11-198 1952, 5-11-199 to 6-11-200 1952, 6-11-201 to 7-11-202 1952, 7-11-203 to 8-11-204 1952, 8-11-205 to 9-11-206 1952, 9-11-207 to 10-11-208 1952, 10-11-209 to 11-11-210 1952, 11-11-211 to 12-11-212 1952, 12-11-213 to 1-11-214 1953, 1-11-215 to 2-11-216 1953, 2-11-217 to 3-11-218 1953, 3-11-219 to 4-11-220 1953, 4-11-221 to 5-11-222 1953, 5-11-223 to 6-11-224 1953, 6-11-225 to 7-11-226 1953, 7-11-227 to 8-11-228 1953, 8-11-229 to 9-11-230 1953, 9-11-231 to 10-11-232 1953, 10-11-233 to 11-11-234 1953, 11-11-235 to 12-11-236 1953, 12-11-237 to 1-11-238 1954, 1-11-239 to 2-11-240 1954, 2-11-241 to 3-11-242 1954, 3-11-243 to 4-11-244 1954, 4-11-245 to 5-11-246 1954, 5-11-247 to 6-11-248 1954, 6-11-249 to 7-11-250 1954, 7-11-251 to 8-11-252 1954, 8-11-253 to 9-11-254 1954, 9-11-255 to 10-11-256 1954, 10-11-257 to 11-11-258 1954, 11-11-259 to 12-11-260 1954, 12-11-261 to 1-11-262 1955, 1-11-263 to 2-11-264 1955, 2-11-265 to 3-11-266 1955, 3-11-267 to 4-11-268 1955, 4-11-269 to 5-11-270 1955, 5-11-271 to 6-11-272 1955, 6-11-273 to 7-11-274 1955, 7-11-275 to 8-11-276 1955, 8-11-277 to 9-11-278 1955, 9-11-279 to 10-11-280 1955, 10-11-281 to 11-11-282 1955, 11-11-283 to 12-11-284 1955, 12-11-285 to 1-11-286 1956, 1-11-287 to 2-11-288 1956, 2-11-289 to 3-11-290 1956, 3-11-291 to 4-11-292 1956, 4-11-293 to 5-11-294 1956, 5-11-295 to 6-11-296 1956, 6-11-297 to 7-11-298 1956, 7-11-299 to 8-11-300 1956, 8-11-301 to 9-11-302 1956, 9-11-303 to 10-11-304 1956, 10-11-305 to 11-11-306 1956, 11-11-307 to 12-11-308 1956, 12-11-309 to 1-11-310 1957, 1-11-311 to 2-11-312 1957, 2-11-313 to 3-11-314 1957, 3-11-315 to 4-11-316 1957, 4-11-317 to 5-11-318 1957, 5-11-319 to 6-11-320 1957, 6-11-321 to 7-11-322 1957, 7-11-323 to 8-11-324 1957, 8-11-325 to 9-11-326 1957, 9-11-327 to 10-11-328 1957, 10-11-329 to 11-11-330 1957, 11-11-331 to 12-11-332 1957, 12-11-333 to 1-11-334 1958, 1-11-335 to 2-11-336 1958, 2-11-337 to 3-11-338 1958, 3-11-339 to 4-11-340 1958, 4-11-341 to 5-11-342

1. Information relating to this organization may be used in the following manner:

the 1990s, the number of people in the world who are illiterate has increased from 1.2 billion to 1.5 billion. The number of illiterate people in the world is projected to reach 1.7 billion by the year 2015. The number of illiterate people in the world is projected to reach 1.7 billion by the year 2015.

[illegible]

I hope that I don't disturb you. I'm sorry I can't help you.

[illegible]

At the end of the 19th century, the first attempts were made to use the term "epidemic" to describe the spread of diseases in a community.

70698-9-25-1-1-1

RECEIVED by the Bureau of Census on 12/1/54. Date of transcription 12/1/54.

valence orbitals remain frozen and are not allowed to relax.

of great value. It is found that, in the case of the *Scaphiophytum*, the

[illegible][illegible]

1. *Not a direct consequence of the fact that the system is not in equilibrium.*

There is a lot of information in this report, and it is a good example of how to write a report. The report is well organized and easy to read. The information is presented in a clear and concise manner. The report is a good example of how to write a report.

learned to "repress and also hate" and "internalized" at those critical early

During the time of the war, the system was in a state of confusion.

56. JOHN: Yes, to our Armed Forces, and to our Allies. And it goes not only to make this lemon powder, but for lemon candy and rations...and lemon extract for Army cooks.
- You know, Mrs. Freyman...there's quite a little story on how lemon oil is made.
57. FREYMAN: Suppose you tell it, Johnny...
58. JOHN: Well, before the war, we used to get most of our lemon oil from Sicily. And the Sicilians, you know, squeeze the oil out of the lemon peels...by hand!
59. FREYMAN: How can they ever get enough, Johnny?
60. JOHN: Well, hundreds of them work at it. They sit in front of earthenware jars...and all they have is a sponge and a spoon! They use the spoon to press the oil out of the peel, and take up the oil with the sponge! Very simple, Mrs. Freyman.
61. FREYMAN: Very simple, but it must take a long time!
62. JOHN: It does take time! But many people contend it's one of the finest lemon oils in the world.
63. FREYMAN: And you say we don't get our lemon extract from Sicily anymore?
64. JOHN: No. Because not long ago, this country developed machines for extracting the oil from lemon peels. And the machines were so efficient, that we were soon able to supply all the lemon oil we need. But we've needed so much lemon oil for war uses that we're again importing some from Sicily!
65. FREYMAN: Does that mean we'll be able to have lemon extract flavoring on our shelves again, Johnny?
66. JOHN: We may have more during 1945. The lemon crop here at home will be bigger, for one thing! But here's something I'll bet you didn't know, Mrs. Freyman.
67. FREYMAN: What's that?







68. JOHN: Well...one reason we were so very short of lemons and lemon flavoring for civilian use last year...was the flu epidemic about a year ago.
69. FREYMAN: The flu epidemic? What did that have to do with it!
70. JOHN: Don't you get it? People drank so much lemon juice, trying to get over the flu, that it seems they drank up most of the lemons in storage for 1944! How about that?
71. FREYMAN: (LAUGH) Well that's really a good one, Johnny! And I guess that about tells the whole story of the lemon flavoring situation!
72. JOHN: Now let's continue with CONSUMER TIME'S story of "your favorite flavorings...and where are they now?"
73. FREYMAN: Let's talk next about vanilla.
74. JOHN: Ah! Vanilla. There's an interesting one. Romantic, too!
75. FREYMAN: Romantic?
76. JOHN: Certainly! I know some strange and wonderful things about vanilla, Things you've never heard of, probably! And they're true, too!
77. FREYMAN: Well...tell me, for goodness sake!
78. JOHN: (SPANISH ACCENT) Ah-ha, then, Senora! Come with me!
79. FREYMAN: "Senora"! What do you mean?
80. JOHN: (PARENTHETICAL...IN MIKE...NATURAL VOICE) Most of our vanilla usually comes from the island of Madagascar. But since the war we've been getting a lot more from Mexico! (SPANISH AGAIN) So...my charming American friend...come with me, and I will show you a strange, beautiful sight...in old Mexico!
90. FREYMAN: (HALF BEWILDERED LAUGH) Well...this is different...
91. JOHN: (ACCENT) Now we are in gay Mexico...walking along...hand in hand. In the distance are the blue mountains...the fields are green... and the sun is hot. Then...all of a sudden! Look, Senora Freyman!
92. FREYMAN: What, Johnny?

It is a very good idea to have a good understanding of the local market and the needs of the community. This will help you to develop a business plan that is realistic and achievable.

1352

1. The following are the names of the persons who are members of the committee:

10-10-68, 10-11-68, 10-12-68, 10-13-68, 10-14-68, 10-15-68, 10-16-68, 10-17-68, 10-18-68, 10-19-68, 10-20-68, 10-21-68, 10-22-68, 10-23-68, 10-24-68, 10-25-68, 10-26-68, 10-27-68, 10-28-68, 10-29-68, 10-30-68, 10-31-68, 11-1-68, 11-2-68, 11-3-68, 11-4-68, 11-5-68, 11-6-68, 11-7-68, 11-8-68, 11-9-68, 11-10-68, 11-11-68, 11-12-68, 11-13-68, 11-14-68, 11-15-68, 11-16-68, 11-17-68, 11-18-68, 11-19-68, 11-20-68, 11-21-68, 11-22-68, 11-23-68, 11-24-68, 11-25-68, 11-26-68, 11-27-68, 11-28-68, 11-29-68, 11-30-68, 12-1-68, 12-2-68, 12-3-68, 12-4-68, 12-5-68, 12-6-68, 12-7-68, 12-8-68, 12-9-68, 12-10-68, 12-11-68, 12-12-68, 12-13-68, 12-14-68, 12-15-68, 12-16-68, 12-17-68, 12-18-68, 12-19-68, 12-20-68, 12-21-68, 12-22-68, 12-23-68, 12-24-68, 12-25-68, 12-26-68, 12-27-68, 12-28-68, 12-29-68, 12-30-68, 12-31-68, 1-1-69, 1-2-69, 1-3-69, 1-4-69, 1-5-69, 1-6-69, 1-7-69, 1-8-69, 1-9-69, 1-10-69, 1-11-69, 1-12-69, 1-13-69, 1-14-69, 1-15-69, 1-16-69, 1-17-69, 1-18-69, 1-19-69, 1-20-69, 1-21-69, 1-22-69, 1-23-69, 1-24-69, 1-25-69, 1-26-69, 1-27-69, 1-28-69, 1-29-69, 1-30-69, 1-31-69, 2-1-69, 2-2-69, 2-3-69, 2-4-69, 2-5-69, 2-6-69, 2-7-69, 2-8-69, 2-9-69, 2-10-69, 2-11-69, 2-12-69, 2-13-69, 2-14-69, 2-15-69, 2-16-69, 2-17-69, 2-18-69, 2-19-69, 2-20-69, 2-21-69, 2-22-69, 2-23-69, 2-24-69, 2-25-69, 2-26-69, 2-27-69, 2-28-69, 2-29-69, 2-30-69, 3-1-69, 3-2-69, 3-3-69, 3-4-69, 3-5-69, 3-6-69, 3-7-69, 3-8-69, 3-9-69, 3-10-69, 3-11-69, 3-12-69, 3-13-69, 3-14-69, 3-15-69, 3-16-69, 3-17-69, 3-18-69, 3-19-69, 3-20-69, 3-21-69, 3-22-69, 3-23-69, 3-24-69, 3-25-69, 3-26-69, 3-27-69, 3-28-69, 3-29-69, 3-30-69, 3-31-69, 4-1-69, 4-2-69, 4-3-69, 4-4-69, 4-5-69, 4-6-69, 4-7-69, 4-8-69, 4-9-69, 4-10-69, 4-11-69, 4-12-69, 4-13-69, 4-14-69, 4-15-69, 4-16-69, 4-17-69, 4-18-69, 4-19-69, 4-20-69, 4-21-69, 4-22-69, 4-23-69, 4-24-69, 4-25-69, 4-26-69, 4-27-69, 4-28-69, 4-29-69, 4-30-69, 5-1-69, 5-2-69, 5-3-69, 5-4-69, 5-5-69, 5-6-69, 5-7-69, 5-8-69, 5-9-69, 5-10-69, 5-11-69, 5-12-69, 5-13-69, 5-14-69, 5-15-69, 5-16-69, 5-17-69, 5-18-69, 5-19-69, 5-20-69, 5-21-69, 5-22-69, 5-23-69, 5-24-69, 5-25-69, 5-26-69, 5-27-69, 5-28-69, 5-29-69, 5-30-69, 5-31-69, 6-1-69, 6-2-69, 6-3-69, 6-4-69, 6-5-69, 6-6-69, 6-7-69, 6-8-69, 6-9-69, 6-10-69, 6-11-69, 6-12-69, 6-13-69, 6-14-69, 6-15-69, 6-16-69, 6-17-69, 6-18-69, 6-19-69, 6-20-69, 6-21-69, 6-22-69, 6-23-69, 6-24-69, 6-25-69, 6-26-69, 6-27-69, 6-28-69, 6-29-69, 6-30-69, 7-1-69, 7-2-69, 7-3-69, 7-4-69, 7-5-69, 7-6-69, 7-7-69, 7-8-69, 7-9-69, 7-10-69, 7-11-69, 7-12-69, 7-13-69, 7-14-69, 7-15-69, 7-16-69, 7-17-69, 7-18-69, 7-19-69, 7-20-69, 7-21-69, 7-22-69, 7-23-69, 7-24-69, 7-25-69, 7-26-69, 7-27-69, 7-28-69, 7-29-69, 7-30-69, 7-31-69, 8-1-69, 8-2-69, 8-3-69, 8-4-69, 8-5-69, 8-6-69, 8-7-69, 8-8-69, 8-9-69, 8-10-69, 8-11-69, 8-12-69, 8-13-69, 8-14-69, 8-15-69, 8-16-69, 8-17-69, 8-18-69, 8-19-69, 8-20-69, 8-21-69, 8-22-69, 8-23-69, 8-24-69, 8-25-69, 8-26-69, 8-27-69, 8-28-69, 8-29-69, 8-30-69, 8-31-69, 9-1-69, 9-2-69, 9-3-69, 9-4-69, 9-5-69, 9-6-69, 9-7-69, 9-8-69, 9-9-69, 9-10-69, 9-11-69, 9-12-69, 9-13-69, 9-14-69, 9-15-69, 9-16-69, 9-17-69, 9-18-69, 9-19-69, 9-20-69, 9-21-69, 9-22-69, 9-23-69, 9-24-69, 9-25-69, 9-26-69, 9-27-69, 9-28-69, 9-29-69, 9-30-69, 10-1-69, 10-2-69, 10-3-69, 10-4-69, 10-5-69, 10-6-69, 10-7-69, 10-8-69, 10-9-69, 10-10-69, 10-11-69, 10-12-69, 10-13-69, 10-14-69, 10-15-69, 10-16-69, 10-17-69, 10-18-69, 10-19-69, 10-20-69, 10-21-69, 10-22-69, 10-23-69, 10-24-69, 10-25-69, 10-26-69, 10-27-69, 10-28-69, 10-29-69, 10-30-69, 10-31-69, 11-1-69, 11-2-69, 11-3-69, 11-4-69, 11-5-69, 11-6-69, 11-7-69, 11-8-69, 11-9-69, 11-10-69, 11-11-69, 11-12-69, 11-13-69, 11-14-69, 11-15-69, 11-16-69, 11-17-69, 11-18-69, 11-19-69, 11-20-69, 11-21-69, 11-22-69, 11-23-69, 11-24-69, 11-25-69, 11-26-69, 11-27-69, 11-28-69, 11-29-69, 11-30-69, 12-1-69, 12-2-69, 12-3-69, 12-4-69, 12-5-69, 12-6-69, 12-7-69, 12-8-69, 12-9-69, 12-10-69, 12-11-69, 12-12-69, 12-13-69, 12-14-69, 12-15-69, 12-16-69, 12-17-69, 12-18-69, 12-19-69, 12-20-69, 12-21-69, 12-22-69, 12-23-69, 12-24-69, 12-25-69, 12-26-69, 12-27-69, 12-28-69, 12-29-69, 12-30-69, 12-31

10. The following information was obtained from the records of the Department of Social Services, State of New York, Division of Child Welfare, Bureau of Child Neglect, dated 12/17/68:

Test scores are 40% of total grade.

1950-1951 1952-1953 1954-1955 1956-1957 1958-1959 1960-1961 1962-1963 1964-1965 1966-1967 1968-1969 1970-1971 1972-1973 1974-1975 1976-1977 1978-1979 1980-1981 1982-1983 1984-1985 1986-1987 1988-1989 1990-1991 1992-1993 1994-1995 1996-1997 1998-1999 2000-2001 2002-2003 2004-2005 2006-2007 2008-2009 2010-2011 2012-2013 2014-2015 2016-2017 2018-2019 2020-2021 2022-2023 2024-2025 2026-2027 2028-2029 2030-2031 2032-2033 2034-2035 2036-2037 2038-2039 2040-2041 2042-2043 2044-2045 2046-2047 2048-2049 2050-2051 2052-2053 2054-2055 2056-2057 2058-2059 2060-2061 2062-2063 2064-2065 2066-2067 2068-2069 2070-2071 2072-2073 2074-2075 2076-2077 2078-2079 2080-2081 2082-2083 2084-2085 2086-2087 2088-2089 2090-2091 2092-2093 2094-2095 2096-2097 2098-2099 2100-2101 2102-2103 2104-2105 2106-2107 2108-2109 2110-2111 2112-2113 2114-2115 2116-2117 2118-2119 2120-2121 2122-2123 2124-2125 2126-2127 2128-2129 2130-2131 2132-2133 2134-2135 2136-2137 2138-2139 2140-2141 2142-2143 2144-2145 2146-2147 2148-2149 2150-2151 2152-2153 2154-2155 2156-2157 2158-2159 2160-2161 2162-2163 2164-2165 2166-2167 2168-2169 2170-2171 2172-2173 2174-2175 2176-2177 2178-2179 2180-2181 2182-2183 2184-2185 2186-2187 2188-2189 2190-2191 2192-2193 2194-2195 2196-2197 2198-2199 2200-2201 2202-2203 2204-2205 2206-2207 2208-2209 2210-2211 2212-2213 2214-2215 2216-2217 2218-2219 2220-2221 2222-2223 2224-2225 2226-2227 2228-2229 2230-2231 2232-2233 2234-2235 2236-2237 2238-2239 2240-2241 2242-2243 2244-2245 2246-2247 2248-2249 2250-2251 2252-2253 2254-2255 2256-2257 2258-2259 2260-2261 2262-2263 2264-2265 2266-2267 2268-2269 2270-2271 2272-2273 2274-2275 2276-2277 2278-2279 2280-2281 2282-2283 2284-2285 2286-2287 2288-2289 2290-2291 2292-2293 2294-2295 2296-2297 2298-2299 2300-2301 2302-2303 2304-2305 2306-2307 2308-2309 2310-2311 2312-2313 2314-2315 2316-2317 2318-2319 2320-2321 2322-2323 2324-2325 2326-2327 2328-2329 2330-2331 2332-2333 2334-2335 2336-2337 2338-2339 2340-2341 2342-2343 2344-2345 2346-2347 2348-2349 2350-2351 2352-2353 2354-2355 2356-2357 2358-2359 2360-2361 2362-2363 2364-2365 2366-2367 2368-2369 2370-2371 2372-2373 2374-2375 2376-2377 2378-2379 2380-2381 2382-2383 2384-2385 2386-2387 2388-2389 2390-2391 2392-2393 2394-2395 2396-2397 2398-2399 2400-2401 2402-2403 2404-2405 2406-2407 2408-2409 2410-2411 2412-2413 2414-2415 2416-2417 2418-2419 2420-2421 2422-2423 2424-2425 2426-2427 2428-2429 2430-2431 2432-2433 2434-2435 2436-2437 2438-2439 2440-2441 2442-2443 2444-2445 2446-2447 2448-2449 2450-2451 2452-2453 2454-2455 2456-2457 2458-2459 2460-2461 2462-2463 2464-2465 2466-2467 2468-2469 2470-2471 2472-2473 2474-2475 2476-2477 2478-2479 2480-2481 2482-2483 2484-2485 2486-2487 2488-2489 2490-2491 2492-2493 2494-2495 2496-2497 2498-2499 2500-2501 2502-2503 2504-2505 2506-2507 2508-2509 2510-2511 2512-2513 2514-2515 2516-2517 2518-2519 2520-2521 2522-2523 2524-2525 2526-2527 2528-2529 2530-2531 2532-2533 2534-2535 2536-2537 2538-2539 2540-2541 2542-2543 2544-2545 2546-2547 2548-2549 2550-2551 2552-2553 2554-2555 2556-2557 2558-2559 2560-2561 2562-2563 2564-2565 2566-2567 2568-2569 2570-2571 2572-2573 2574-2575 2576-2577 2578-2579 2580-2581 2582-2583 2584-2585 2586-2587 2588-2589 2590-2591 2592-2593 2594-2595 2596-2597 2598-2599 2600-2601 2602-2603 2604-2605 2606-2607 2608-2609 2610-2611 2612-2613 2614-2615 2616-2617 2618-2619 2620-2621 2622-2623 2624-2625 2626-2627 2628-2629 2630-2631 2632-2633 2634-2635 2636-2637 2638-2639 2640-2641 2642-2643 2644-2645 2646-2647 2648-2649 2650-2651 2652-2653 2654-2655 2656-2657 2658-2659 2660-2661 2662-2663 2664-2665 2666-2667 2668-2669 2670-2671 2672-2673 2674-2675 2676-2677 2678-2679 2680-2681 2682-2683 2684-2685 2686-2687 2688-2689 2690-2691 2692-2693 2694-2695 2696-2697 2698-2699 2700-2701 2702-2703 2704-2705 2706-2707 2708-2709 2710-2711 2712-2713 2714-2715 2716-2717 2718-2719 2720-2721 2722-2723 2724-2725 2726-2727 2728-2729 2730-2731 2732-2733 2734-2735 2736-2737 2738-2739 2740-2741 2742-2743 2744-2745 2746-2747 2748-2749 2750-2751 2752-2753 2754-2755 2756-2757 2758-2759 2760-2761 2762-2763 2764-2765 2766-2767 2

1. "United States National Bank" and "United States National Bank of New York City" are the same bank.

1. The first step is to identify the problem or question that needs to be answered. This involves understanding the context and the specific requirements of the task.

1907-1908

● 2014 年 12 月 1 日起, 凡在《中国药典》2015 年版颁布前, 已经取得药品批准文号, 且符合《中国药典》2015 年版规定的品种, 其生产、销售、使用均不受影响。

[illegible]

Received : 2002-09-16

10. The first three terms of an arithmetic progression are 1, 2, 3. The sum of the first  $n$  terms is 100. Find  $n$ .

$\frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{x}} \right) = \frac{\partial L}{\partial x}$

• **Answer:** The correct answer is **1**. The patient is exhibiting signs of a urinary tract infection (UTI), which is a common complication in patients with a urinary catheter. The patient's symptoms include a fever, chills, and a cloudy, foul-smelling urine. The nurse should monitor the patient's vital signs and urine output, and notify the physician if the symptoms persist or worsen. The nurse should also ensure that the urinary catheter is properly secured and that the drainage bag is kept below the level of the bladder.

3.  $\alpha = 0.05$  (two-tailed test)  $\rightarrow$   $\alpha/2 = 0.025$   $\rightarrow$   $t_{0.025, 10} = 2.228$  (Table A.3)

En el momento de la redacción de este artículo, el *Journal of Democracy* no había publicado ningún artículo sobre la corrupción política.

93. JOHN: (ASIDE) My name is "Juan"...not John. Look before you! A field...a field of beautiful orchids! Did you ever see such a sight!
94. FREYMAN: A field of orchids?
95. JOHN: Yes...hundreds of beautiful orchids, all in full bloom! From there, my dear...believe it or not...from the orchid flower, do you get your little bottle of vanilla!
96. FREYMAN: Why I never heard of that, John...I mean Juan... Are you sure vanilla comes from orchids?
97. JOHN: Certainly! Let me show you!  
See those people out there working in the orchid field! Wearing gay-colored costumes and big sombreros!
98. FREYMAN: Why...ye-es...
99. JOHN: Do you know what they are doing...working so hard out there in the sun?
100. FREYMAN: I certainly don't..
101. JOHN: They are...how you say in your country...they are pollinating the flowers by hand, so they will produce vanilla beans.
102. FREYMAN: Every single flower?
103. JOHN: Yes...every orchid must be hand-pollinated! You don't know what this means? Wait! We will talk to one of the workmen themselves!  
(CALLS) Renaldo!
104. RENALDO: Si, Senor!
105. JOHN: Tell the American lady how you make vanilla beans from orchids!
106. RENALDO: Well...we take the flower...and with this little stick...we put the pollen from this part of the flower...to this part!
107. JOHN: See...how quickly he does it!
108. FREYMAN: But such a delicate job...and a whole field of orchids! It must take days!



A very small boat, about 100 ft. long, was seen on the 10th of June.

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The boat was seen at 10:30 a.m. and was about 100 ft. long.

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109. RENALDO: It does, Senora! But if we did not do this, the flowers would not bear vanilla beans! And what would the Americans do for vanilla.
110. FREYMAN: You mean...if they weren't pollinated by hand...they wouldn't make vanilla beans at all?
111. RENALDO: Well...a few of them would...a couple of bees pass by now and then and pollinate the flowers! But bees don't very much like these orchids! Maybe the wind blow a little, and do the work! But we cannot depend on the wind and the bees. So...we do it ourself!
112. FREYMAN: Why I think that's simply wonderful!
113. JOHN: Surprising, no? Thank you, Renaldo.
114. RENALDO: De nada, Senor!
115. JOHN: (NATURAL) And so we leave the beautiful orchid fields of old Mexico...where the natives in their colorful costumes, work all day among the flowers...so that we Americans may have...vanilla.
116. FREYMAN: (LAUGH) Oh, Johnny! Stop it! You sound like a travel talk!
117. JOHN: Well, we traveled, didn't we? But really, now, Mrs. Freyman... you didn't know all that, did you?
118. FREYMAN: I certainly didn't!
119. JOHN: No doubt the orchid corsage you wear to a dance...could have been a vanilla bean!
120. FREYMAN: What happens to the vanilla beans, Johnny? What do they do with them?
121. JOHN: Well, they're picked...and set out on mats to dry in the hot sun. Then they're packed up and sent to this country. We put them in big perculators...perculate them through alcohol...and there's your vanilla!
122. FREYMAN: And what about our supplies of vanilla for this year?

Figure 1. The effect of the concentration of the *Agrobacterium* suspension on the transformation efficiency of *Agrobacterium* strains. The concentration of the *Agrobacterium* suspension was 10<sup>6</sup> cells/ml (A), 10<sup>7</sup> cells/ml (B), 10<sup>8</sup> cells/ml (C), and 10<sup>9</sup> cells/ml (D). The concentration of the *Agrobacterium* suspension was 10<sup>6</sup> cells/ml (A), 10<sup>7</sup> cells/ml (B), 10<sup>8</sup> cells/ml (C), and 10<sup>9</sup> cells/ml (D). The concentration of the *Agrobacterium* suspension was 10<sup>6</sup> cells/ml (A), 10<sup>7</sup> cells/ml (B), 10<sup>8</sup> cells/ml (C), and 10<sup>9</sup> cells/ml (D). The concentration of the *Agrobacterium* suspension was 10<sup>6</sup> cells/ml (A), 10<sup>7</sup> cells/ml (B), 10<sup>8</sup> cells/ml (C), and 10<sup>9</sup> cells/ml (D).

1. *Phragmites australis* (Cav.) Trin. ex Steud.

$\frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{x}} \right) = \frac{\partial L}{\partial x}$

1. *Staphylococcus aureus*

• **Explain** the importance of the **three** **main** **types** **of** **business** **plans** **and** **their** **uses** **in** **the** **business** **environment**.

2. *Chlorophyll a* and *Chlorophyll b* were determined by the method of Arar and Collins (1971).

1. *Phragmites australis* (Cav.) Trin. ex Steud.

• • • • •

*Journal of Management Studies*, 19(1), 67-80.

<sup>a</sup> The number of subjects who were included in each group was 10.

[illegible]

*Journal of Management Education* 30(6)p. 789-804  
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*Journal of Management Education* 30(6)p.789-806

123. JOHN: Fairly good! There were two reasons why it was short. One, the Armed Forces needed a great deal...and two, shipping from Madagascar has been difficult. But with the large Mexican crop, we seem to be in pretty good shape as far as vanilla extract is concerned.
124. FREYMAN: Than...what about imitation vanillas?
125. JOHN: Well, they're very good too, you know. One kind is made of cloves and another is made from chemicals.
126. FREYMAN: All right, now Johnny...let's take a deep breath...and go on to our next story...on flavorings.
127. JOHN: Shall we talk about peppermint?
128. FREYMAN: By all means!
129. JOHN: Now we know that we've been very short of peppermint flavoring since the war,
130. FREYMAN: And isn't that because our supply used to come from Japan and China?
131. JOHN: Yes...and also because of greater war requirements. So...we've had to increase production here in this country. And it's taken time to develop a big enough crop to supply our needs.
132. FREYMAN: I found out that peppermint flavoring is really a lot more widely used than you'd think! It's important not only for candy and gum...but for toothpaste and soap, and cosmetics!
133. JOHN: To say nothing of medicines! Peppermint flavoring is one of the most popular disguises for bad-tasting medicine!
134. FREYMAN: And then most important of all, Johnny...
135. JOHN: Yes...they make Menthol out of peppermint oil!
136. FREYMAN: (THROUGH HER NOSE) Ad what would we do in the widdertibe if we did'dt have medthol!



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137. JOHN: Sure...it's very important...for nose drops and salves and vapors!  
So...to get a big enough supply of menthol for this country...we had to increase our crops of peppermint.
138. FREYMAN: And since most of that went into menthol our peppermint flavoring was scarce. And that's why lots of peppermint candy tastes different...and many kinds of toothpaste too!
139. JOHN: But the Good Neighbors to the South again helped out. And a big Menthol industry has been started in Brazil! So...we'll be able to use more of our own peppermint crops for real old-fashioned peppermint flavoring again!
140. FREYMAN: Incidentally, Johnny...
141. JOHN: What, Mrs. Freyman?
142. FREYMAN: This may sound like a silly question...but what does peppermint look like, when it grows? It doesn't have red-and-white stripes, does it?
143. JOHN: Peppermint, my dear young lady, is a little green herb, very much like the mint plants in your back yard!
144. FREYMAN: Oh, I see, professor...
145. JOHN: And they distill the oil from the leaves.
146. FREYMAN: Then that's peppermint oil. How do they get the Menthol?
147. JOHN: Very simple. They freeze the peppermint oil...and the Menthol in it automatically crystalizes.
148. FREYMAN: Thank you, professor.
149. JOHN: Well...so far we've told about lemon extract and vanilla...and peppermint. What's next on the list of flavorings?
150. FREYMAN: I think we might mention...that many other flavorings, such as raspberry, cherry, and strawberry are mostly artificial nowadays.
151. JOHN: Yes...that's because the Armed Forces need so much fresh fruit, that there isn't enough left to make flavor extracts.

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152. FREYMAN: And you know...while we're on the subject of food flavorings...we won't be going too far afield to mention...that lots of perfumes and toiletries haven't quite the same scent they used to have!
153. JOHN: That's your department, Mrs. Freyman! You tell about that.
154. FREYMAN: Then for instance, lavender is imported from France...and has been impossible to get for a long time. Geranium is used for cosmetic perfumes...and it's scarce because it comes all the way from Madagascar. So it's hard to get now, too!
155. JOHN: And how about jasmine...isn't that an old favorite?
156. FREYMAN: Yes, jasmine is imported from Europe too. And so is rose perfume.
157. JOHN: So...to sum it all up...find that a lot of our favorite cosmetics and toiletries don't have the same fragrance as we're used to! And we also find that some of our food flavorings aren't quite the same!
158. FREYMAN: But we do have the satisfaction of knowing...that many of these food flavorings, in one form or another...are going where they're needed most...to the U. S. Armed Forces!
- And that's the story of food flavorings...up to date!
159. JOHN: Now...about next week, on CONSUMER TIME, Mrs. Freyman?
160. FREYMAN: Next week, we're going to have a very special guest...well-known to all NBC listeners. He's Merrill Mueller, NBC War Correspondent, just returned from France, where he was attached to General Eisenhower's headquarters.
161. JOHN: Mr. Mueller...is going to give us an exclusive, first-hand story about the food situation over there...what the French people have or don't have to eat...and what their needs are.
162. FREYMAN: I understand he is a very good friend of General Eisenhower's.
163. JOHN: Yes he is...and he's going to have some interesting stories to tell about the General.







164. FREYMAN: So be sure to be with us next week...to hear NBC War Correspondent Merrill Mueller...tell the inside story...of the food situation in France...in another edition of...

165. SOUND: CASH REGISTER...MONEY IN TILL

166. ANNCR: CONSUMER TIME!

167. SOUND: CASH REGISTER

168. JOHN: How your money buys a living in wartime!

169. SOUND: CASH REGISTER...CLOSE DRAWER.

170. ANNCR: CONSUMER TIME, written by Christine Kempton, is presented by the War Food Administration through the facilities of the National Broadcasting Company and its affiliated independent stations. This broadcast period for CONSUMER TIME has been made available as a public service.

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